## 2022 SOFTBALL EXAM STUDY GUIDE NOTE: In the exam situations, F refers to a fielder, B refers to a batter and R refers to a runner. All situations and acts are legal, and no errors or mistakes are involved unless otherwise noted. Question Question Answer1 Answer2 Answer3 Answer4 Answer5 Rule Reference 1 Batter A approaches the batter's box and the This appeal may not be The appeal may be made at All of the above. 2-65-2, 7-1-2 The appeal may not be defensive team's head coach requests that made until Batter A made after the home plate any time after the home **PENALTIES** the batter be "intentionally walked." At that reaches first base. umpire awards the plate umpire awards the intentional walk. intentional walk and before a time, the home plate umpire indicates that the batter is awarded first base. The pitch to the next batter. defensive coach now appeals that Batter A has batted out of order. A member of the offensive 7-2-1 2 A strike is charged to the batter when: A pitch is swung at and A pitch contacts the batter All of the above. missed. while swinging at the ball team intentionally removes a or the batter is hit by the pitch that is in the strike zone. (dead-ball strike) 3 With R1 on second base, B2 is at bat with a 2 The ball is live, R1 is out The ball is dead, B2 is The ball is dead, B2 is The ball is dead, B2 5-1-1a, 8-1-2b ball -1 strike count. The next pitch is and B2 has a 3-1 count. awarded first base. The awarded first base, R1 remains at bat since the completely in the batter's box and barely play at third base stands. returns to second base. umpire judged B2 did not grazes the jersey of B2 while R1 breaks to R1 is out. make an attempt to get out steal third base. The catcher throws to third of the way of the pitch. base and R1 is tagged out. What is the correct ruling? 4 All of the following are true statements The DP has left the game if The DP must remain in 3-3-6 The DP is one of the nine The DP may be The DP may play defense regarding the designated player (DP). hitters in the batting order, substituted for at any time only for the FLEX. the FLEX bats. the same position in EXCEPT: by a legal substitute. the batting order for the entire game. 5 The FLEX may be substituted for at any time A legal substitute. A and B only. A, B and C. 3-3-6f The DP, who may play Anyone else in the batting by: defense for the FLEX. order. 6 Which statement is correct in regard to the The FLEX player is listed A head coach who lists the The FLEX can bat or run All of the above. 3-3-6 in the 10th position in the DP/FLEX on the starting bases for the DP. Either the FLEX player? lineup. lineup can go from 9 to 10 head coach or the FLEX players as long as no replayer can report the change entry and substitution rules to the plate umpire. The DP are violated. has left the game. 7 A defensive player takes the field with an eye Mirror-like material. 1-8-4 Material that is shaded. Material that is tinted. Material that is clear and shield connected to the face/head protection. permits 100% allowable What material is legal for an eye shield? light transmission. 8 Defensive players may wear face shields The shield is made of rigid The shield allows for 100% 1-8-4 The shield is attached to All of the above. provided that: face/head protection. material. light transmission with no 9 An umpire should declare a "no-pitch" on The pitcher pitches before 6-2-4(FP), 6-4-The pitcher pitches during The base runner is called All of the above. which of the following occurrences? a suspension of play. out for leaving the base the base runner has 9(SP) too soon. returned to the base after a foul ball. Both a and b. 10 When an illegal pitch is called with a runner All runners advance one The batter is awarded a A warning will be issued to 6-1-1 on base: the pitcher. PENALTY, 6-2base. ball.

th B		appeal the runner leaving	Give the delayed dead-ball signal. After all runners touch home plate, call time and rule R1 out for leaving early. Since there were less than two outs, the batter's run counts.	Signal time and declare "no pitch." R1 is out for leaving early and the batter's count is the same as before that pitch.	Do nothing, the play is legal.		6-2-4c, 8-6-18
12 A		First initial and last names.	Jersey numbers.	Position being played.	Batting order of starting players.	All of the above are required.	3-1-3
s	subsequent change to the lineup card for an naccuracy will result in:	The head coach being restricted to the dugout/bench for the remainder of the game.	The head coach being ejected.	The player/substitute who is being changed/added being restricted to the dugout/bench for the remainder of the game.	A and C only.	B and C only.	3-1-3 PENALTY
р	The umpire shall immediately remove a player from the game who exhibits the ollowing signs or symptoms of a concussion:	Dizziness.	Confusion.	Headache.	Loss of consciousness.	All of the above.	3-3-9, 10-2-3k
15 U		Upon the arrival of one umpire within the confines of the field.	Upon the arrival of two umpires within the confines of the field.	When the pregame conference begins.	Upon the conclusion of the pregame conference.	Upon the arrival of one umpire to the facility/park/school.	10-1-2
		symptoms or behaviors consistent with a concussion is immediately		This is a health and safety issue, since an athlete should not return to play or practice on the same day of a concussion.	All of the above are correct.		3-3-9, 10-2-3K, Appendix B
to s c	second when F4 misplays the ball. R1 crashes into F4 while attempting to recover	within a step and a reach	When F4 misplays the ball, the umpire will give the delayed dead-ball signal and wait to see what happens.	Because F4 was in the baseline, F4 is always charged with obstruction.	None of the above.		2-47-3c, 8-6- 10a
lo te d a	ong fly ball to left field. The ball is over foul erritory as it is first touched and then		Be awarded second base, as it was legally achieved while the ball was over fair territory.	Return to first base with or without retouching bases since it is ruled a foul ball.	Move back to first base before the ball gets to the pitching circle.		2-25-1d, 8-3-2 EXCEPTION, 8- 5-1
19 V				If a fielder catches a ball but drops it while transferring it to the throwing hand or in making a throw, the umpire shall still rule it a catch.	All of the above.		2-9

20	Which statement is an incorrect ruling of interference?		If a runner has not yet been put out and	Interference is only awarded in situations where the	B4 hits a fair ground ball but R2 hinders F6 making an		2-32, 8-6-10, 8- 6-16
		the runner closest to	interference occurs to break up a double play, the immediate succeeding runner is also called out.	runner physically contacts a fielder.	initial play. The batter- runner is never called out as a result of this interference. If there are less than two outs the batter is always awarded first base.		
	outs, F4 is using ordinary effort to catch a pop- up. The correct call is:		Runners may not advance at any time.	Only an infielder can catch an infield fly.	If the ball is ruled foul, it still is an infield fly.		2-30, 8-2-9
	_	Allow the pitcher to reset and continue to play.	Allow the pitcher to reset and warn the head coach the next infraction would result in an out on the batter.	The ball is dead immediately and batter is called out.	An illegal pitch is called on the pitcher.		7-4-3 PENALTY
	A coach may never make a baserunning appeal; only players on the field may appeal.	True	False				2-1-1, 2-1-3b(1)
	Any fielder, with or without the ball, may make a dead-ball appeal by verbally stating that the runner missed the base or left too soon.	True	False				2-1-3b(1)
25	A batting helmet is considered legal if it has:	A surface with no dents or cracks.	A non-glare surface.	A mirror-like surface.	Both a and b.		1-6-1, 1-6-5
26	A slide is illegal if:	The runner uses a rolling or cross-body slide into the fielder.	The runner's raised leg is higher than the fielder's knee when the fielder is in a standing position.	The runner slashes or kicks the fielder with either leg.	The runner goes beyond the base and makes contact with or alters the play of the fielder.	All of the above.	2-52-2
27	All of the following about sliding are true except:	A runner can only slide feet first.	On overslides, runners may be tagged out if they do not remain in contact with the base.	When the slide is completed a runner must be able to touch the base with either a hand or foot.	A runner is not required to slide in order to avoid unnecessary contact when a fielder has the ball in her possession and is waiting to tag the runner.		2-52-1, 8-6-13
	legally bringing the hands together, steps backward to start the motion to pitch. After		This is legal, provided the step backward begins prior to the start of the pitch.	A ball is awarded to the batter and all runners are advanced one base without liability to be put out.	Both A and C are correct.		6-1-2b
	gloves/mitts, EXCEPT:	Gloves shall be a maximum of two colors, excluding lacing and manufacturer's logo.	Glove lacing shall not be the color of the ball.	Gloves shall not be entirely optic in color.	Gloves may have one American flag not exceeding 2 by 3 inches.	Gloves may have markings that give the appearance of the ball on the outside, but not the inside.	1-4-1

	other fielder had a chance to make an out,	The umpire will watch and judge if the defense was disadvantaged before calling dead ball.	The ball is dead and the batter is awarded one base only.	The ball remains live and B1 can advance as many bases as possible with the liability to be put out.	I and the second		8-1-2 EFFECT 2
	B1 attempts to hit a pitched ball completely in the batter's box. B1 misses the pitch but the ball barely contacts B1 on the jersey. What is the umpire's call?	the batter because the	Dead ball. Charge the batter with a strike because the batter swung at the pitch. Do not award first base for hit by pitch.	Dead ball. Award B1 first base for a hit by pitch because the ball was completely in the batter's box.	Live ball. Award a strike, and any advancement of base runners is allowed.		7-2-1g, 8-1-2 PENALTY 2
	Umpire jurisdiction ends at the conclusion of the game when:	The umpires leave the field of play.	The umpires leave the visual confines of the facility.	The umpires are in the parking lot or school building.	The third out is declared in the final half-inning.	The umpires are sure no final appeal will be made.	10-1-2
33	Which of the following statements about bats qualifies as an altered bat?	Bats should be free of rattles, dents, burrs, cracks and sharp edges.	Materials inside the bat or treatment/devices used to alter bat specifications and/or enhance performances are prohibited.	There is a minor nick or paint chip in the bat from metal cleats.	None of the above.		1-5-1e, 2-4-2
	What is the proper penalty for a softball player who utilizes a damaged bat that has not been previously removed from the game by an umpire?	The batter is out.	The batter is out and restricted to the dugout.	The batter is out and ejected.	The bat is removed from play without penalty when first detected.		1-5-1c, 2-4-3, 7- 4-2 PENALTY NOTE
35	A penalty shall be assessed when the pitcher:	Exceeds five warm-up pitches between innings.	Deliberately drops, rolls, bounces, etc. the ball while in pitching position preventing the batter from striking it.	Throws to a base while still in contact with the pitcher's plate.	All of the above.		6-2-1, 6-2-5, 6-2 7
36	It is a dead ball immediately when:	An illegal pitch is delivered.	The catcher obstructs the batter.	The plate umpire interferes with the catcher with R1 stealing second base.	B3 swings at strike three and is hit by the pitch.		7-2-1g, 8-1-2 PENALTY 2
	Who can detect a batter who enters the batter box with an illegal bat or is discovered having used an illegal bat?	Only the offensive team can report it.	A fan.	Only the umpire or the defense can detect it.	Only the offensive coach can self-report.		7-4-2
38	The responsibility for all players to be legally and properly equipped must be verified by:	Head Coach.	Player.	Game management.	Manufacturer of equipment used in the game.		3-5-1
39	Which answer is NOT a type of appeal that may be made?	Missing a base.	Judgment calls.	Leaving early on a caught fly ball.	Batting out of order.		2-1-2
	A catch is not credited if the ball strikes anything other than a defensive player while it is in flight.	True	False				2-9-5e
41	A crow hop is the replant of the pivot foot by the pitcher prior to delivering the pitch.	True	False				2-16
	A passed ball is a pitch the catcher fails to stop or control when they should have been able to do so with ordinary effort, and allows a runner to advance.	True	False				2-2-8

43	Umpire jurisdiction begins just prior to the pregame conference with coaches and captains.	True	False				10-1-2
44	Umpires working the plate are required to wear a mask and throat protector.	True	False				10-4-1
45	R1 is on third base and R2 is on first base with one out. B4 hits a fly ball in foul territory near the first-base line. R2 interferes with F3 attempting to catch the fly ball. The correct call is:	If the fly ball is caught by F3, both R2 and B4 are out.	B4 is out and R2 is returned to first base.	The ball is dead immediately, R2 is out and B4 is charged with a foul ball.	If the fly ball is caught, B4 is out and the interference by R2 is ignored.		8-6-10
46	The ball always becomes immediately dead when:	While running to first, the batter-runner stops to delay being tagged.	A batter strikes at a pitch that touches them.	A runner passes another runner.	A batter-runner is obstructed before touching first base.		7-2-1g, 8-2-5, 8 4-3b PENALTIES, 8- 6-4
47	The ball becomes dead in all of the following situations, EXCEPT:	There is interference by a runner or retired runner.	The batter enters the batter's box with an illegal bat.	An infielder intentionally drops a fair fly ball with first base occupied and less than two outs.	An illegal pitch is delivered.	The batter-runner steps backward toward home plate to avoid being tagged. out.	
48	B1 steps up to the plate and after hitting two balls over the fence in foul territory, F1 requests to intentionally walk B1.	The umpire allows B1 to be intentionally walked.	The umpire informs F1 that the request for an intentional walk must come from the head coach.	The umpire states that although F1, F2 or the defensive coach can request an intentional walk, it must be done prior to any pitches being thrown.	The umpire informs F1 that an intentional walk cannot be requested once there are two strikes.		2-65-2, 8-1-1c
49	Which of the following are appealable plays?	Missing a base.	Batting out of order.	Leaving a base early on a caught fly ball.	All of the above.		2-1-2
50	After the lineup cards have been submitted to and verified by the plate umpire, the opposing coach has a player arrive late and wants to add that player to the lineup.		Players can be added to the lineup without penalty.	The umpire will add the player to the lineup and shall issue a team warning to the head coach of the team involved.	The umpire will add the player to the lineup and restrict the coach to the dugout/bench area for an incorrect lineup card.		3-1-3 PENALT
51	Hard and unyielding items (guards, casts, braces, splints, etc.) must be padded with:	A closed-cell, slow- recovery foam.	One-inch-thick padding.	Athletic tape.	A gauze pad.	A rubberized material.	3-2-13
52	The DP may be substituted for at any time by:	A legal substitute.	The FLEX playing offense.	Anyone else in the batting order.	A and B only.	A, B and C.	3-3-6d
53	At the pregame conference, the home team coach informs the umpires that the fence in left field is only 180 feet and all balls hit over the fence will be a two-base award.	This must be agreed to by the opposing coach.	for the game since the home team coach	The umpires will have no choice but to enforce the ground rule as the coach has instructed.	The umpires shall not permit a ground rule to supersede a rules book rule.		4-1-3, 8-4-3f
54	A delayed dead-ball situation occurs when the umpire interferes with the catcher who is attempting to throw a non-batted ball.	True.	False.				5-1-2c

batter's box. As B2 fakes a drag bunt, B2	•	Umpire calls dead ball and credits B2 with a ball.	Umpire calls dead ball and charges B2 with a strike.	Umpire calls dead ball and declares B2 out.	Ī	7-2-1h
			The pitch is called either a ball or strike depending upon the location of the pitch.	The umpire shall call a strike on the batter regardless of the location of the pitch.	1	7-3-1 PENALTY, EFFECT 2
second base. In the catcher's attempt to throw out R1, the throwing arm contacts the plate umpire. The throw is late and R1	This is a delayed dead ball. Since R1 reached second base safely, R1 is permitted to stay at second base.	ball. Because there was	,		8	3-5-6
A run does not score if a preceding runner is declared the fourth out for missing a base, and the defensive team selects that out to its advantage.	True.	False.				9-1-1 EXCEPTION (e)
field. F9, with both feet clearly in fair territory,		were clearly in fair territory	Fair ball because after F9 touched the ball it landed in fair territory.	Fair ball. Any ball touched by a fielder is automatically fair.	1	2-20-2
undergarments but solid black playcards. F1 is wearing a playcard on the non-pitching		This is legal, provided the playcards are a solid color and not optic yellow.	This is legal. Only F1 has the restriction on placement of the playcard. If F3 were to become the pitcher then F3 would be required to move the playcard to the non-pitching arm.	Both B and C are correct.		3-2-7c EXCEPTION
	B1 is out and ejected for dislodging the base.	B1 is out since B1 was legally tagged while not in contact with the base.	B1 is not out; a runner is not required to follow a base that has become dislodged.			1-2-1, 8-8-14
Team A have adornments in their hair. Which of the following are prohibited from	F5 has a religious head covering without prior state association approval.	F3 has a bandanna as a hair covering, F4 is wearing a plastic visor.		F8 has 3-inch bobby pins being used for hair control.		3-2-5b, 3-2-5c
	Any head covering being worn for medical reasons.	Any religious head covering.	Any hard items braided into the players hair.	A defensive players face shield.	(	3-2-5b, 3-2-5c

64	Which of the following attire is not allowed to be worn in live-ball areas by coaches?	A school uniform or jersey/coaching shirt.	Shorts that are school colors.	Cut-offs or any type of jeans.	Leg coverings including yoga pants/leggings that are khaki, black, white, gray or schools colors.	3-5-3
65	Which of the following are true about a damaged bat?	A damaged bat is removed from the game without penalty when initially detected.	If a batter is discovered using a damaged bat that was previously removed from the game by an umpire, that batter is called out.	In addition to being called out for using a damaged bat that was previously removed from the game by an umpire, the offender and head coach are restricted to the dugout for the remainder of the game.	All of the above.	3-6-21
66	F1 is wearing an item on the pitching wrist that the umpire judges distracting. What is the proper penalty?	An illegal pitch is ruled; a ball is awarded to the batter.	An illegal pitch is ruled; a ball is awarded to the batter and all runners are advanced one base.	The pitcher is required to remove the distracting item in order to continue to pitch.	The pitcher is restricted to the dugout for the remainder of the contest.	3-6-21
67	B1 bunts the ball in front of home plate. As B1 is running to first base, B1 is hit with the throw from F2. Which of the following is used in determining if the runner is out for interference?	If either foot last contacted the ground completely outside of the 3-foot lane.	If the batter-runner's left foot is outside the 3-foot lane but is in the air at the moment the batter-runner is hit with the throw.	If the batter-runner was hit in fair territory.	If the batter-runner has both feet on the ground when hit with the throw.	8-2-6
68	With one out, R1 on third base and R2 on first base, B3 hits an over-the-fence home run. R2 misses third base and the third base coach grabs R2 and pulls the runner back to touch third base. What is the proper ruling?	and B3's (as long as they	Since the ball is in dead- ball territory, there is no violation and all three runs would score on the play.	All three runs would score, but the third base coach should be warned to not physically assist runners.	R2 is out for being physically assisted and the play is dead. R1's run would score, but B3 would not be allowed to score.	8-6-5, 8-3-11, 9- 1-1
69	B1 bunts the ball down the third base line, F5 throws the ball toward first base hitting B1 in the back as B1 is running to first base. B1 is running with the right foot in the3-foot lane and the left foot in fair territory (past the line). When B1 is hit with the ball, the left foot is in the air. B1 is still guilty of interference and should be ruled out.	True.	False			8-6-5, 8-3-11, 9- 1-1
70	F1 is wearing a sweatband on the pitching wrist that the umpire judges distracting. This would result in an illegal pitch.	True.	False.			3-2-9
71	The COR and compression shall be labeled on on softballs.	True	False			1-3-4
72	Which is true of the previous video?	both players were performing normal actions	This is interference, when the runner attempts to advance to third base they hindered the ability of the fielder to retrieve the thrown ball.	This is obstruction, the fielder impeded the progress of the runner attempting to advance to third base without possession of the ball.	This is a "train wreck" both players had a right to be there and this is just incidental contact.	

73	Which is true of the previous video?	This is a legal pitch, the	This is an illegal pitch.	There is no infraction as the	Since the pitcher did not	
		l' .	The pitcher is pushing off with the pivot foot from a place other than the pitcher's plate.	pitcher is allowed to slide their foot in contact with the pitcher's plate.	become airborne when they left the pitcher's plate this is a legal pitch.	
74	Which is true of the previous video?	pitcher received the signal from the coach and paused to look at their	This is a legal pitch. The pitcher looked toward home plate prior to separating their hands to start the pitch.	This is an illegal pitch. The pitcher cannot receive their signal from the coach, it must come from the catcher.	This is an illegal pitch. The pitcher did not take (or simulate taking) a signal from the catcher while in contact with the pitcher's plate and with their hands separated.	
75	Which is true about the previous video?	pitcher received the signal	This is an illegal pitch. The pitcher did not receive and acknowledge a signal from the catcher.	This is an illegal pitch. The pitcher cannot receive their signal from the coach, it must come from the catcher.	None of the above are true.	
76	Which is true of the previous video?	home plate without the	Although F2 did momentarily block the plate without possession of the ball, their actions did not impede the progress of the runner so they are not guilty of obstruction.		Both a and c are true.	
	Who can a pitcher take a signal from while on the pitcher's plate?	The coach.	A play card.	The catcher.	All the above as long as the pitcher pauses and simulates taking a signal from the catcher prior to bringing the hands together.	6-1-1b
	Prior to starting the delivery of a pitch, the pitcher must:	Stand with her shoulders facing any direction.	Have her hands together while stepping on the pitcher's plate.	Make no contact with the top of the pitcher's plate.	Take a position with the pivot foot in contact with the pitcher's plate.	6-1-1
	R1 is caught in a rundown between third base and home. As R1 is attempting to return to third base, R1 is obstructed by F5 and subsequently tagged while off the base by F6. The correct call is:	The call is always an immediate dead ball when a runner is obstructed.	When a fielder obstructs a runner, the initial call is always a delayed dead ball. Once the obstructed runner is put out, it becomes a dead ball and the umpires shall award R1 the base that would have been reached had there been no obstruction.	R1 is awarded home.	The umpire will issue a warning to F5 and notify F5's coach.	2-36

	A1 is Team A's pitcher in the fourth inning. A11 is brought in as a relief pitcher in that inning. Team A's coach wants to re-enter A1 in the fourth inning as the pitcher. The correct call is:	allowed.	This is legal and the pitcher can have five warm-up pitches.	This is not a legal substitution.	Team A can substitute A1 as pitcher as many times as it wants in the inning.		3-3-2 NOTE, 6- 2-5, 6-4-10 NOTE
	During the act of pitching, which movement is not legal?	pivot foot away from the pitcher's plate maintaining	The pitcher steps back off the pitcher's plate keeping both hands together and makes the first step back with either foot. Once completely off the pitcher's plate, the pitcher opens the hands.		The pitcher uses the slingshot or windmill styles of pitching – as long as there are no more than 1½ revolutions of the pitching arm.		2-16, 2-33, 6-1- 1f, 6-1-2, 6-1-4
	R1 is on first base; B2 is at bat with an 0 ball - 2 strike count and no outs. B2 swings at the pitch and the foul tip is caught by the catcher. B2 runs toward first base. As R1 is diving back to first base, B2 collides with F3 who is attempting to catch the thrown ball from F2 to tag R1.	base; R1 is awarded third	B2 is declared out for interference; R1 remains at first base.	B2 has struck out and is charged with interference; R1 is declared out as the runner closest to home.	B2 has struck out; R1 remains at first base.	B2 is declared out for interference; R1 is awarded second base.	2-32-1, 8-6-16c
83	It is an illegal pitch if:	F1 is behind the pitcher's plate, takes the signal, steps on the pitcher's plate and immediately brings the hands together.	F1 is on the pitcher's plate, looks to the coach for a signal and then looks to F2 and simulates taking a signal before bringing the hands together.	F1 stands behind the pitcher's plate, takes a signal from the coach, steps on the pitcher's plate and simulates taking a signal from F2 before bringing the hands together.	F1's shoulders are in line with first and third base, the ball is in the glove or hand and the hands are separated.		6-1-1
	Which of the following is an infraction by the catcher:	A catcher assumes a position outside the catcher's box before a pitch is released.	The catcher stands up to give signals to the pitcher.	The catcher throws the ball directly back to the pitcher after the pitch is delivered.	The catcher throws the ball around the infield after a strikeout.		6-3-1
	A coach will be restricted to dugout/bench for the remainder of the game for a second violation of the following:	Player or substitutes entering the game unreported.	A second lineup correction.	Team personnel using illegal equipment.	All of the above.		3-1-3 PENALTY, 3-6- 7 PENALTY
	The FLEX can bat or run bases for the DP. Either the head coach or the FLEX player can report the change to the plate umpire and the DP has left the game.	TRUE	FALSE				3-3-6
	The plate umpire shall record ALL substitutions on the lineup card and then announce immediately any changes to the opposing teams head coach. This includes courtesy runners and re-entered players.	TRUE	FALSE				3-3-3, 3-3-4

88 Placing the FLEX into one of the first nine positions for someone other than the DP's position is considered an illegal substitution. Once discovered by the defense, the illegal	TRUE	FALSE				3-3-3g
substitute shall be removed from the game and restricted to the dugout/bench.						
89 Which of the following would be an illegal pitch?	A step backwards is taken after the hands have come together, but prior to the start of the pitch	Once the pitch has started, the pitcher takes no more than one step forward.	Stepping on the pitchers plate with hands together.	When the pitcher tosses the ball from her hand to her glove before she steps on the pitcher's plate.	None of the above	6-1-2-b
90 The DP may play defense at any position. If the DP plays defense for any player other than the FLEX, that player will continue to bat but not play defense, and has not left the game.	TRUE	FALSE				3-3-6-e
91 An umpire's apparel shall NOT include which item?	Shorts.	Power blue shirt.	Navy ball bags.	Heather gray slacks.		10-4-2
92 A game is suspended when thunder is heard or lighting is seen, as the leading edge of the thunderstorm is close enough to strike your location with lighting. Suspend play for at least 30 minutes and vacate outdoor activity to the previously designated safe location immediately.	TRUE	FALSE				Rule book Appendix <i>I</i>
93 A media box shall be lined in foul territory down the third base line for all varsity contests. The minimum dimensions of this box shall be 5' wide by 3' deep.	TRUE	FALSE				Iowa Adaptation
94 At the sub-varsity level, use of the run differential rule must be used.	TRUE	FALSE				lowa Adaptation
95 A ball wildly thrown to third base goes into the media box, misses the photographer, bounces off the fence and ends up in fair territory. The ball remains live.	TRUE	FALSE				Iowa Adaptation
96 During the regular season for varsity contests, IGHSAU umpires' uniforms shall consist of a powder blue shirt, gray slacks and blue cap. Navy blue shirts may be worn it both umpires agree.	TRUE	FALSE				Iowa Adaptation
97 All batting helmets must have a chinstrap and it must be snapped and worn properly.	TRUE	FALSE				lowa Adaptation
98 A legal bat for IGHSAU will have either the USA All games, 2004 USA or the 2000 USA certification mark.	TRUE	FALSE				Iowa Adaptation